



LEARN MORE AT
energystar.gov

ENERGY STAR is a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency program helping businesses and individuals fight global warming through superior energy efficiency.

NATIONAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR® (UPDATED December 18, 2014)

Federal agencies and state and local governments across the country are taking bold steps to protect the environment and lower energy costs by adopting policies that leverage EPA's ENERGY STAR tools to reduce energy use in commercial buildings, through required policy measures as well as voluntary campaigns. This document provides a summary of national, state-level, and local efforts that refer to ENERGY STAR tools. **Download an interactive copy at:** <http://www.energystar.gov/buildings/tools-and-resources/leverage-energy-star-legislation-and-campaigns>.

Contents

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS	2
NATIONAL POLICIES	2
STATE POLICIES	2
LOCAL POLICIES	3
VOLUNTARY PROGRAMS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS	5
NATIONAL PROGRAMS	5
STATE PROGRAMS	6
LOCAL PROGRAMS	6

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Policy	Summary
NATIONAL POLICIES		
Federal Agencies	Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) of 2007, Section 435 December 2007	According to Section 435 of EISA 2007, federal agencies are required to lease space in buildings that have earned the ENERGY STAR. The rule applies to any new leases entered into on or after December 19, 2010. The lessor's building must have earned the ENERGY STAR on a date not more than 12 months prior to the lease award date. When a lessor's building is not eligible to earn the ENERGY STAR, federal tenants will require the lessor to implement certain cost-effective energy efficiency upgrades to the building.
	Executive Order 13514, "Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance" October 2009	E.O. 13514 requires at least 15 percent of each agency's facilities and building leases to meet the Federal Guiding Principles for High Performance and Sustainable Buildings by 2015. Agencies can track their progress with the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool's Guiding Principles Checklist.
	EISA 2007 Section 432 DOE April 2010 Benchmarking Guidance April 2010	The EISA 2007 Section 432 Benchmarking Guidance issued in April 2010 requires that the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool be used to benchmark metered buildings that are owned or leased by federal agencies.
STATE POLICIES		
Alabama	Executive Order 25 December 2011	By December Fiscal Year (FY) 2015, all state departments and agencies will implement energy efficiency measures in order to achieve a 30 percent reduction in energy consumption relative to FY 2005 levels, using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to measure and report energy performance. The Department of Economic and Community Affairs-Energy Division shall provide training on the use of Portfolio Manager to, at minimum, one primary and one alternate individual in each department and agency.
California	Assembly Bill 1103 November 2007	Assembly Bill 1103 requires that as of January 1, 2009, electric and gas utilities maintain and make available to building owners the energy consumption data of all nonresidential buildings in a format compatible with the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. It also requires, as of January 1, 2010, that a nonresidential building owner or operator disclose Portfolio Manager benchmarking data and scores to prospective parties as part of a whole-building transaction.
Connecticut	SB 1243 June 2011	SB 1243 created the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection and tasked it with creating a plan by July 1, 2012, to reduce energy use in state-owned or -leased buildings by at least 10 percent by January 1, 2013, and another 10 percent by July 1, 2018, in conjunction with the Department of Administrative Services. The bill also requires utility companies to make the energy consumption data of all nonresidential buildings they serve publically available in a format compatible for uploading to the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
Delaware	Executive Order 18 February 2010	Executive Order 18 requires that all state executive branch agencies, departments, and offices shall achieve a collective reduction in energy consumption of at least 20 percent by the end of FY 2013 and 30 percent by the end of FY 2015, from FY 2008 levels. The Office of Management and Budget and the Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control are directed to establish a plan to benchmark, monitor, and track the energy use and carbon emissions of all state-owned and state-leased facilities. The state has chosen the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as its benchmarking platform.
District of Columbia	Green Building Act of 2006 December 2006	The Green Building Act of 2006 requires District-owned commercial buildings to be designed to achieve an ENERGY STAR 1–100 of 75 or higher, as determined by the ENERGY STAR Target Finder tool and benchmarked annually in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
	Clean and Affordable Energy Act of 2008 July 2008	The Clean and Affordable Energy Act of 2008 requires that, beginning in 2010, eligible privately-owned commercial buildings be benchmarked using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool on an annual basis. Results will be published in a publicly available online database.
Florida	House Bill 7135 June 2008	House Bill 7135 mandates that the state may not enter into new leasing agreements for office space that does not meet ENERGY STAR certified building standards. Additionally, buildings constructed and financed by the state must comply with the Florida Green Building Coalition standards or a nationally recognized, high-performance green building rating system, such as the U.S. Green Building Council's (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating system.

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Policy	Summary
Hawaii	House Bill 1464 May 2006	By December 31, 2010, each state department with responsibilities for the design and construction of public buildings and facilities will benchmark every existing public building that is either larger than 5,000 square feet or uses more than 8,000 kilowatt-hours of electricity or energy per year, using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool or an equivalent tool. The energy resources coordinator shall provide training to affected departments on Portfolio Manager.
Michigan	ED 2005-4 July 2005	Executive Directive 2005-4 requires the Department of Management and Budget to establish an energy efficiency target for all state buildings managed by a department or agency within the Executive Branch of state government. It requires that all state buildings occupied by state employees be benchmarked using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
New York	Executive Order 88 December 2012	Executive Order 88 directs state agencies to increase energy efficiency in state-owned and managed buildings by establishing a target of reducing average energy use intensity (EUI) by 20 percent relative to a FY 2010/2011 baseline by April 1, 2020. All state facilities in New York will be benchmarked in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool and the results will be posted on a public site as part of Build Smart NY, the implementation plan launched with the Executive Order.
Oklahoma	Senate Bill 1096 May 2012	Senate Bill 1096 creates the Oklahoma State Facilities Energy Conservation Program and directs all state agencies and higher education institutions to benchmark energy use in all state facilities using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool; improve energy efficiency by at least 20 percent by the year 2020; and seek to obtain ENERGY STAR certification for all eligible facilities.
Ohio	EO 2007-02 January 2007	Executive Order 2007-02 establishes that the State of Ohio will use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as the benchmarking tool for state-owned facilities to establish building baselines and measure and track energy use and carbon emissions within the state.
Utah	ED 2006-0004 May 2006	Executive Directive 2006-0004 requires a 20 percent increase in the energy efficiency of state buildings by 2015. This Directive led the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to implement the use of the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as the state benchmarking tool and to require all state buildings to benchmark energy consumption using Portfolio Manager.
Washington	SB 5854 - 2009-10 April 2009	SB 5854 - 2009-10 requires qualifying utilities to maintain records of energy data of all nonresidential customers and qualifying public agency buildings in a format compatible with the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The State will use Portfolio Manager for state-owned facilities and make resulting energy performance metrics publicly available. Beginning in 2010, eligible privately-owned commercial buildings are required to be benchmarked using Portfolio Manager and resulting metrics will be disclosed to a prospective buyer, lessee, or lender. For new construction, the WA Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development must determine the appropriate methodology to measure achievement of state energy code targets using the ENERGY STAR Target Finder tool or equivalent methodology.

LOCAL POLICIES

Alpharetta, GA	Green Communities Ordinance January 2009	This comprehensive ordinance requires all new local government-owned buildings over 5,000 square feet to earn the ENERGY STAR or be certified under the LEED-NC or Earth Light for Commercial Construction rating systems. It also grants expedited permitting, plan review, and processing, as well as building and site inspections, for all privately-owned new construction and major renovation projects that have earned the ENERGY STAR. Additionally, the ordinance sets forth policies for city employees to turn off lights, power down computers, and consolidate meetings when possible.
Austin, TX	ECAD Ordinance for Owners of Commercial Buildings November 2008	Austin's Energy Conservation Audit and Disclosure Ordinance requires that eligible commercial facilities calculate their energy performance scores no later than June 16, 2011, using a rating system approved by the director of the Austin Electric Utility. Facilities must disclose this information to a purchaser or prospective purchaser of the facility before the time of sale. The City has identified the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as the approved system for buildings with more than 5,000 square feet of space.

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Policy	Summary
Boston, MA	Energy Reporting and Disclosure Ordinance May 2013	Boston's Building Energy Reporting and Disclosure Ordinance is a component of the City's Climate Action Plan, which aims to reduce greenhouse gases by 25 percent by 2020. The ordinance requires that all large and medium-sized buildings report their annual energy and water consumption data to the City of Boston using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool, or an equivalent mechanism as approved by the Air Pollution Control Commission. The ordinance applies to all non-residential buildings equal to or greater than 35,000 gross square feet, residential buildings equal to or greater than 35 units or 35,000 gross square feet, and all City-owned buildings. The City of Boston will publish the results of the Energy Benchmarking Summaries annually on its website.
Cambridge, MA	Building Energy Usage and Disclosure Ordinance July 2014	The Building Energy Usage and Disclosure Ordinance requires energy performance data to be reported for municipal buildings by the end of 2014. Non-residential buildings over 50,000 square feet and residential buildings with 50 or more units will be required to report to the City their energy use for the previous year on an annual basis starting on May 1, 2015. Non-residential buildings over 25,000 square feet must start reporting annually starting on May 1, 2016. In the second year of reporting, the City will post the energy use data on a public website along with background information. Building owners will use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark and report building energy use information each year.
Chicago, IL	Building Energy Use Benchmarking Ordinance September 2013	Chicago's Building Energy Use Benchmarking Ordinance requires commercial and residential buildings over 50,000 square feet to benchmark their energy consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. Commercial buildings larger than 250,000 square feet will be required to comply by June 2014 and buildings between 50,000 and 250,000 square feet will be required to comply by June 2015. Residential buildings within each of those groups will have an extra year to comply. Buildings will be required to disclose their 1–100 ENERGY STAR score, energy use intensity, and greenhouse gas emissions that the city will publicly disclose one year after the first annual report is submitted.
Denver, CO	Executive Order 123 October 2007	Executive Order 123 requires new construction and major renovations of existing and future city-owned and operated buildings to be Designed to Earn the ENERGY STAR and benchmarked in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
Minneapolis, MN	Ordinance 47.190 February 2013	Ordinance 47.190 requires public and private commercial buildings in Minneapolis to track energy and water consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. City buildings larger than 25,000 square feet will be required to benchmark and publicly disclose energy and water use starting in 2013. Private commercial buildings larger than 100,000 square feet will be required to benchmark starting in 2014 and publicly disclose their data in 2015, while private buildings larger than 50,000 square feet will begin benchmarking in 2015 and publicly disclosing in 2016.
Montgomery County, MD	Bill 2-14 April 2014	Bill 2-14 requires annual energy use benchmarking using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool in county-owned nonresidential buildings by June 1, 2015; benchmarking privately owned nonresidential buildings of at least 250,000 square feet by Dec. 1, 2016; and benchmarking of private nonresidential buildings of 50,000 to 250,000 square feet by Dec. 1, 2017.
New York City, NY	Local Law 84 December 2009	Local Law 84, part of the Greener, Greater Buildings Plan, requires public and private buildings in New York City to track energy and water consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. City buildings larger than 10,000 square feet will be required to benchmark energy and water use starting in 2010, and private buildings larger than 50,000 square feet will be required to do so starting in 2011. Performance metrics for eligible buildings will be published by the City in a publicly available online database.
Philadelphia, PA	Bill No. 120428 June 2012	Bill No. 120428 requires non-residential buildings over 25,000 square feet to track energy and water consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The City will publish energy and water performance metrics for eligible buildings in a publicly available online database, and the seller or lessor of any eligible building, upon request, must provide prospective purchasers or lessees with a copy of the building's most recent Statement of Energy Performance.
San Francisco, CA	Existing Commercial Buildings Energy Performance Ordinance February 2011	The Existing Commercial Building Energy Performance Ordinance amends the San Francisco Environment Code to require owners of nonresidential buildings to file Annual Energy Benchmark Summaries for their buildings using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool beginning on April 1, 2011. The results of the Energy Benchmarking Summaries will be published in a publicly available online database.

POLICIES LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Policy	Summary
San Joaquin, CA	Resolution No. 11-32 December 2011	Resolution No. 11-32 commits the City to using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark its facilities' energy data and identify opportunities for reducing energy consumption. The City resolves to promote energy reduction efforts citywide by providing ENERGY STAR tools and resources to its agencies and staff members and by encouraging other building managers to benchmark their energy use as well.
Seattle, WA	Council Bill 116731 February 2010	This bill requires owners of commercial buildings greater than 10,000 square feet and multifamily buildings with four or more units to benchmark energy performance in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool, in accordance with a phased rollout beginning in 2011. Upon request, building owners subject to this ordinance will be required to provide a copy of the most current energy benchmarking report to current tenants, prospective tenants, prospective buyers, and potential lenders considering an application for financing or refinancing of the building.
West Chester, PA	ENERGY STAR Ordinance for Private Commercial Construction February 2008	This Ordinance requires new commercial construction to achieve Designed to Earn the ENERGY STAR recognition and be benchmarked annually in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.

VOLUNTARY PROGRAMS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Program	Summary
NATIONAL PROGRAMS		
Associations	ASHE E2C Launched 2006	Energy to Care (E2C) is a healthcare energy benchmarking program allowing users to access detailed energy data at no cost, compare and challenge similar or nearby facilities using a data visualization tool, and apply for recognition. E2C uses the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark hospital energy performance.
	Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) 7 Point Challenge Launched 2007	BOMA's 7-Point Challenge is a five-year program that incentivizes voluntary market-driven efforts among commercial real estate companies to reduce their use of natural resources, energy, and waste. Participating companies are challenged to: decrease portfolio energy consumption by 30 percent; benchmark energy performance and water usage through ENERGY STAR metrics; provide sustainability education to building staff members; perform energy audits to implement low-cost strategies; and improve operations and building maintenance systems.
	Architecture 2030 Districts Launched 2011	Architecture 2030 Districts Network encourages participating building and business owners to improve their energy performance to meet Architecture 2030 Challenge goals on carbon emission reductions. Participants are encouraged to use the ENERGY STAR Target Finder and Portfolio Manager tools to track their energy consumption and share results.
	International Facility Management Association (IFMA) ENERGY STAR Challenge Launched 2012	IFMA ENERGY STAR Challenge participants use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark their building's energy performance against similar facilities, compete against other chapters, and make efficiency improvements.
	Chief's Energy Challenge Launched 2013	The Chief's Energy Challenge invites fire departments to achieve a 10 percent reduction by year one and a 20 percent reduction by year three. The challenge uses the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to easily track buildings' progress and help fire departments work towards their energy reduction goals. All Challengers are recognized for their participation as well as for their accomplishments.
Federal Agencies	U.S. Department of Energy's Better Buildings Challenge Launched 2011	Participants in DOE's Better Buildings Challenge commit to improve the energy efficiency of their portfolios by 20 percent over a ten-year period using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as the preferred tool for tracking, verifying, and reporting their energy performance over time.
	U.S. EPA's ENERGY STAR National Building Competition Launched 2010	Each year since 2010, EPA has hosted a national competition to see which building can cut energy waste the most. Competitors track their energy performance over time using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool, and the competitor with the greatest percent reduction in energy use at the end of the competition period is declared the Biggest Loser.

CAMPAIGNS AND INCENTIVE PROGRAMS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Program	Summary
STATE PROGRAMS		
New Jersey	NJ Pay for Performance Program Launched 2009	Under the Pay for Performance program, commercial building owners are given technical assistance with developing and implementing an Energy Reduction Plan to reduce energy use by 15 percent or more. Participants track their energy performance using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
	NJ Local Government Energy Audit Program Launched 2009	The Local Government Energy Audit Program provides local governments with cost-subsidized energy audits for publicly owned facilities to identify cost-justified energy efficiency measures. Both programs use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to measure progress.
New Mexico	HB 534: Sustainable Building Tax Credits Launched 2007	To qualify for income tax credits, applicants must demonstrate that the commercial building is 60 percent more efficient than an average building of the same type using the ENERGY STAR Target Finder tool.
Pennsylvania	Department of Education Planning and Construction Workbook (PlanCon) Launched 2010	PlanCon is a set of forms and procedures used to apply for Commonwealth reimbursement for school districts that undertake a major renovation or construction project. Beginning July 1, 2011, all projects initiating the PlanCon process are subject to the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. New District-Wide Facility Study requirements: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Facility benchmarking for each existing building, using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. b. For each construction option, a predictive utility budget must be completed using the ENERGY STAR Target Finder tool. 2. Comprehensive Energy Modeling requirements using Target Finder.
LOCAL PROGRAMS		
Albuquerque, NM	Green Path Program Launched 2008	This program encourages and facilitates voluntary design and construction of energy-efficient buildings that meet measurable criteria, which includes earning Designed to Earn the ENERGY STAR through the ENERGY STAR Target Finder tool.
Arlington County, VA	Arlington Green Games Launched 2011	The Arlington Green Games is a competition for commercial property owners/managers and office tenants to realize the benefits of going green. The year-long competition compares participating buildings across a variety of sustainability categories. Each participating building is required to assess their energy and water use performance using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark and track improvements throughout the year.
	Green Building Density Launched June 2012	Through the Green Building Density Incentive Program, new development project teams may request additional bonus density and/or height in exchange for a minimum level of energy savings, ENERGY STAR certification, and LEED green building certification. All project owners are also asked to provide ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager utility reporting data after occupancy each year for 10 years.
Atlanta, GA	Atlanta Regional Council Green Communities Program Launched 2012	The Green Communities Program encourages local governments to demonstrate leadership and set an example for environmental sustainability. Applicant communities can earn points toward certification by implementing a local policy requiring new construction owned by the jurisdiction to be ENERGY STAR certified.
Boise, ID	The Building Performance Partnership Boise Kilowatt Crackdown Launched 2012	Participants in the Building Performance Partnership Kilowatt Crackdown track and work to improve their buildings' energy use in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The competition is open to owners and managers of commercial offices.
Boston, MA	A Better City Challenge for Sustainability Launched 2009	Participating building and business owners compete to improve their energy efficiency and reduce their energy costs. Competitors are encouraged to use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to track their energy consumption and reductions over time, and all participants receive free energy audits, technical support, energy efficiency rebates and incentives, and complementary training in energy management.
Chicago, IL	Chicago Green Office Challenge Launched 2009	Participants in the Chicago Green Office Challenge use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to track energy and water use and compile results at the end of the contest period.

CAMPAIGNS AND INCENTIVE PROGRAMS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Program	Summary
Cincinnati, OH	Green Cincinnati Plan 2013	The Green Cincinnati Plan challenges the city's businesses to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 2 percent each year and reduce the total energy consumption of the city's built environment 15 percent by 2020. The plan specifies the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool as the tool that businesses will use to benchmark their energy consumption, make energy efficiency improvements, and demonstrate achievement of their energy use reduction goals.
Columbus, OH	Columbus Energy Challenge Launched 2014	The Columbus Energy Challenge aims to reach over 70 percent of commercial and industrial buildings in Columbus over 50,000 square feet in order to achieve a 20 percent reduction in building energy use by 2020. Building energy performance will be measured using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
Denver, CO	Watts to Water Launched 2008	Participants in the Watts to Water program benchmarked energy and water consumption in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to measure reductions against the calendar year 2010 baseline. The competition continues to reward buildings with the greatest reductions in energy- and water-use intensity at the end of each year.
	Denver City Energy Project October 2014	The Denver City Energy project encourages participants to enroll by benchmarking building energy use in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool and sharing their buildings' ENERGY STAR scores with the city. The goal is to encourage improved energy management, cut the city's energy costs by \$1.3 billion, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 800,000 metric tons.
Fort Worth, TX	City of Fort Worth Business Smart Program Launched 2011	To participate, a prerequisite of the Fort Worth Energy Conservation program is to track and report energy usage in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. More points are awarded for energy reduction off the baseline.
Knoxville, TN	City of Knoxville Energy & Sustainability Initiative 2014	As part of the 2014 Work Plan & Emissions Inventory Update, under Energy Management, the City of Knoxville tasked its sustainability personnel with actively tracking energy usage at city facilities using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool and Utility Trac Plus.
Louisville, KY	Louisville Kilowatt Crackdown Launched 2009	Participants in the Louisville Kilowatt Crackdown track and work to improve their building's energy use in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The competition is open to owners and managers of all commercial buildings in the city.
BOMA - Greater Minneapolis	BOMA Greater Minneapolis Kilowatt Crackdown Launched 2010	The Greater Minneapolis Kilowatt Crackdown aims to challenge the real estate community to improve energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. All participants receive free assistance from Xcel Energy and BOMA to benchmark building energy use and water consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool and develop action plans to improve performance through 2012. Top performers will be awarded in the spring of 2013 based on three categories: highest performing buildings, most-improved performance, and most valuable tenant.
BOMA of Phoenix	BOMA Phoenix Kilowatt Crackdown Launched 2009	As part of its 7-point Challenge to reduce building energy consumption by 30 percent by 2012, BOMA Phoenix launched the Kilowatt Crackdown to encourage members to benchmark their energy and water consumption using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. BOMA Phoenix hosted a series of workshops on benchmarking building data and identifying trends in energy and water consumption for property managers, facility managers, maintenance staff members, and building engineers.
Philadelphia, PA	Philadelphia Energy Reduction Race Launched 2014	The Energy Reduction Race challenges participants to reduce building energy consumption by at least 5 percent between October 1, 2014 and September 30, 2015 as benchmarked and reported using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The top achievers will receive rewards of \$5,000.
Pittsburgh, PA	Pittsburgh Green Workplace Challenge Launched 2011	Participants in the Pittsburgh Green Workplace Challenge use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to track energy and water use to establish baselines and compile results at the end of the contest period.
	Pittsburgh 2030 Challenge Launched 2013	The Pittsburgh 2030 District is a collaborative, nationally recognized yet local community of high performance buildings in Downtown Pittsburgh that aims to dramatically reduce energy and water consumption, using ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager to measure performance over time.
Portland, OR	The Building Performance Partnership Portland Kilowatt Crackdown Launched 2012	Participants in the Building Performance Partnership Kilowatt Crackdown track and work to improve their buildings' energy use in the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool. The competition is open to owners and managers of commercial offices.

CAMPAIGNS AND INCENTIVE PROGRAMS LEVERAGING ENERGY STAR TOOLS

Jurisdiction	Program	Summary
Rockville, MD	High Performance Buildings Tax Credit for Existing Commercial Buildings April 2012	The Tax Credit for Existing Commercial Buildings establishes a high performance building tax credit that provides an incentive to existing commercial buildings that invest in energy efficiency and green improvements. For the first year of the tax credit, the building must achieve LEED certification and ENERGY STAR certification (if applicable). For years 2 through 5, building owners or managers must either submit the Statement of Energy Performance to the City demonstrating achievement of ENERGY STAR certification or submit the ASHRAE Building Energy Certificate demonstrating that the building has maintained or improved energy performance compared to the first year.
Salt Lake City, UT	Salt Lake City Skyline Challenge May 2014	The Mayor's Skyline Challenge encourages building owners to exceed the city's target of achieving a 10 percent improvement in energy efficiency by 2015 and will continue annually past 2015. Participants will use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to benchmark and report annual building energy use in comparison with a baseline period of calendar year 2013.
St. Louis, MO	St. Louis High Performance Building Initiative Launched 2012	A regional project initiated to accelerate the increase in square footage of third-party verified space in the St. Louis region. The initiative focuses on promoting the use of energy management tools, including the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool.
Westchester, NY	Westchester Green Business Challenge Launched 2010	The Westchester Green Business Challenge is a friendly competition for all businesses. Buildings are evaluated using an innovative Green Business Scorecard. Using the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool, each building establishes energy and water usage baselines and develops reduction goals for its overall energy and water consumption.
Winneshiek, IA	Winneshiek Energy District Green Business Challenge Launched 2011	Participants in the Winneshiek Energy District Green Business Challenge use the ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager tool to track energy and water use to establish baselines and compile results at the end of the contest period.